

### **EXECUTE OF MARINE RESEARCH**











#### Sigurd Tjelmeland

Long-term optimal exploitation of cod and capelin in the Barents Sea using the Bifrost model

Долгосрочиый оптимални эксплуатация треска и моива с модел Bifrost

Norwegian-Russian symposium, Murmansk, August 2005

# Bifrost – Long time of development

#### Долгосрочиый развитие

- 1980s CAPELIN, optimal exploitation of capelin, single-species Моива
- 1990s MULTSPEC, cod preying on prespawning capelin Треска моива
- 2000s BIFROST, capelin-cod model with influence from herring треска моива селд

At any time connected to practical management in the Barents Sea

Всегда управление

## Present tool

Настоящий инструмент

SeaStar historic

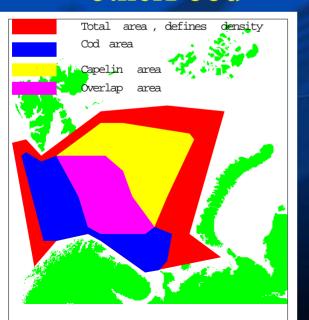
Bifrost

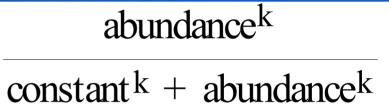
SeaStar prognostic

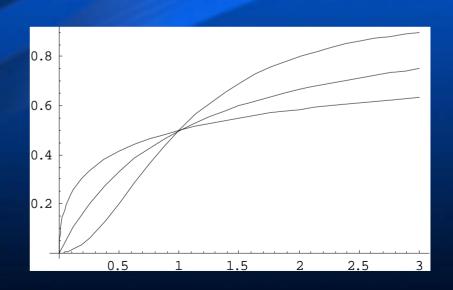
Herring historic replicates

# Predation by cod

- Key variables
  - partOfCodOverlappingCapelin
  - partOfCapelinOverlappedByCod
  - capelinFood
  - codFood
  - otherFood







# Estimation of parameters

Оценка параметров

- Estimation in two stages
  - Each historic run is a 10-stage iteration for calculation of residual mortality of capelin and recruits (0 years) of cod
  - Simultaneous maximum likelihood estimation of all other parameters



Capelin: 4 year old 1973-1980

Consumption: From 1984, by quarter, cod, capelin, other

# Calculation of consumption

#### Оценка потребление

- Consumption per cod Exogeneous, replicate file
  - Laboratory evacuation rates
  - Station temperatures
  - Stomach content data
  - Bifrost swept area estimate of cod on Multspec areas
    - February and August
    - Age
    - Maturation
- Consumption by cod During Bifrost estimation
  - AFWG assessment
    - Alternative: SeaStar, which gives uncertainty

# One year simulation

$$B_{i+1} = T^9 S T^3 R A T^3 M_{cap} B_i = Y B_i$$



Weight at age vs cod SSB the year before Coloured according to temperature year before

# Weight at age of cod

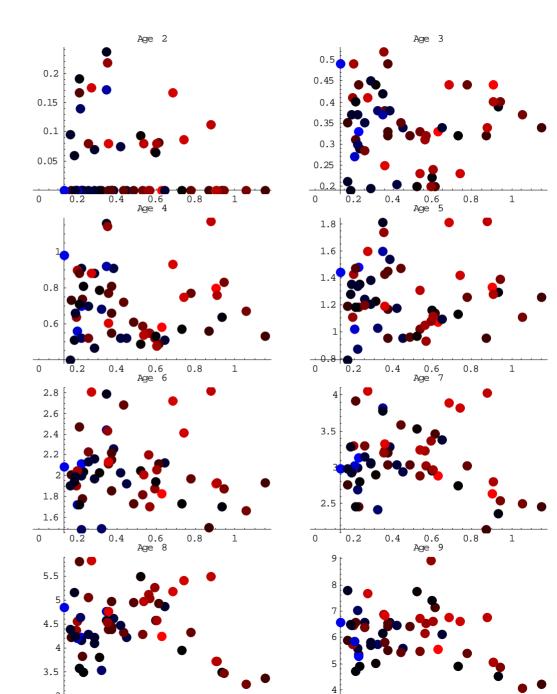
Вес трески

Model: linear function of capelin consumption, for biomass > 0.6 million tonnes also function of biomass

Модел:

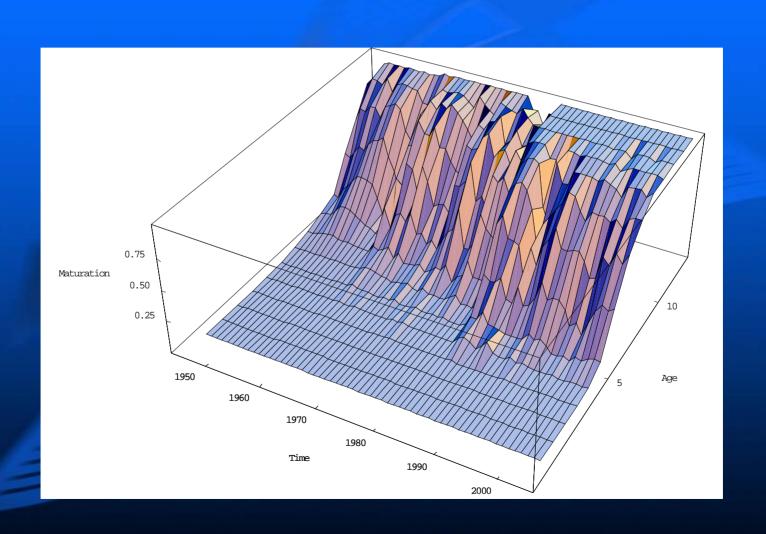
-потреблениемоивы

-биомасс трески

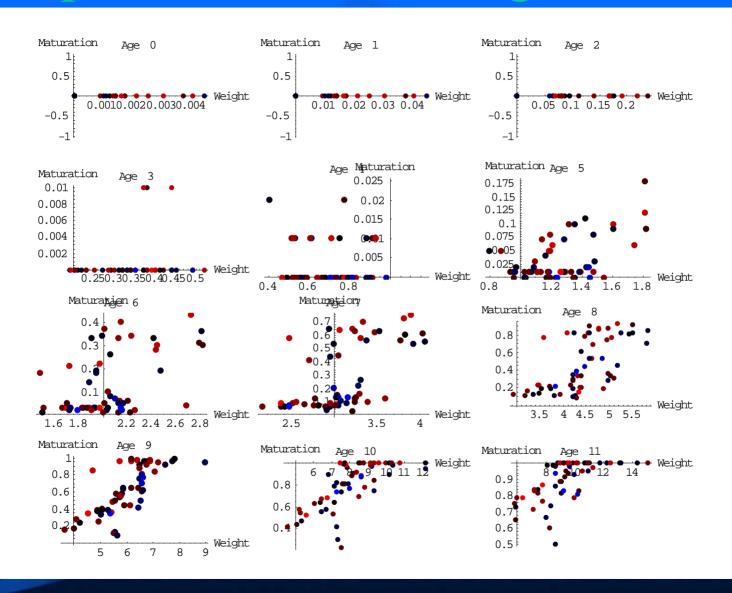


## Proportion mature at age for cod

#### Нерест трески



## Proportion mature at age for cod



Model: linear function of biomass, temperature and individual weight

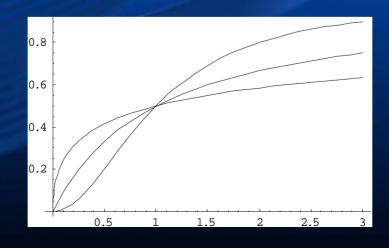
### Recruitment cod - model

#### Пополнение трески

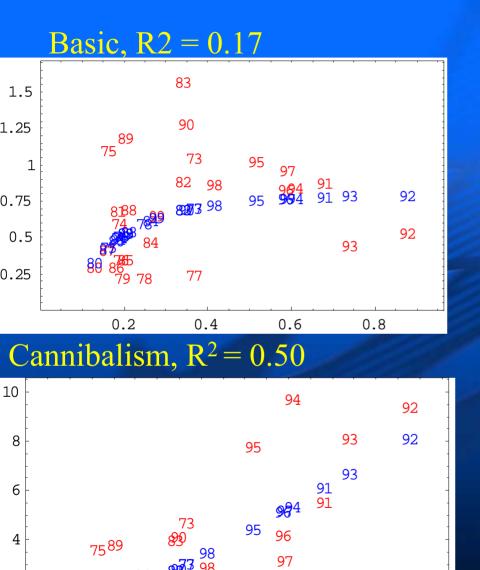
codMaxRec e codTemp temp + meanWeightPar meanWeight + meanAgePar meanAge

codHalfcodExpRec + SSBcodExpRec

temp: Mean of August-October



#### Recruitment cod - results



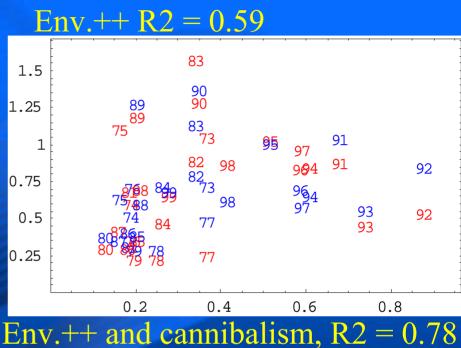
0.8

2

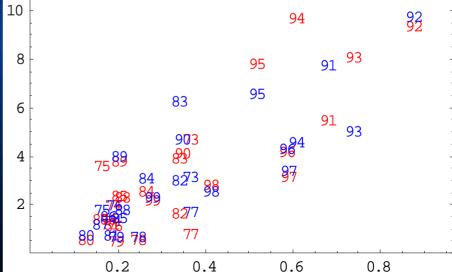
0.2

0.4

0.6





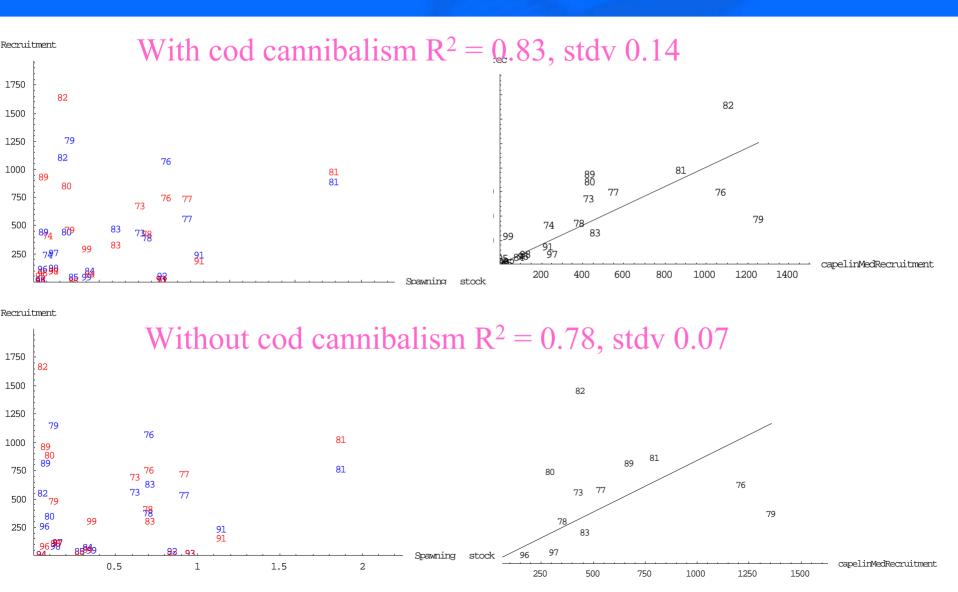


# Recruitment capelin - model

capPred = capHerProp 1 capHerOffset capHerOffset + capCodProp zeroCod + capCapProp capelin

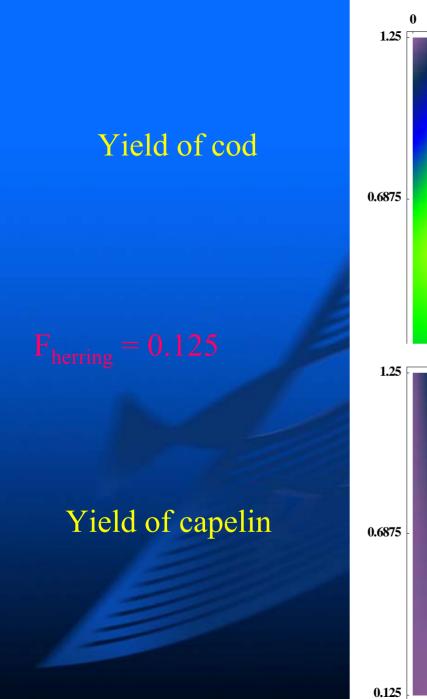
tempdiff: Difference between mean temperature duringAugust-December and mean temperature during January-April

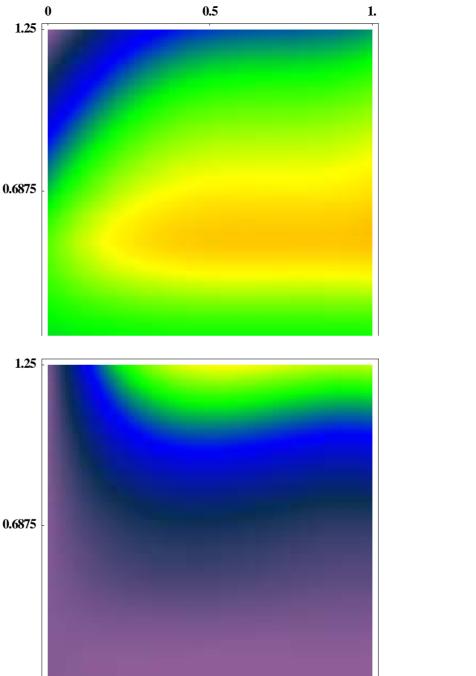
# Recruitment capelin - results



# Evaluating HCRs

- HCR 3-species management rule
- In simple models, HCR can be evaluated analytically
- In complex models with uncertainty we must instead do long-term simulations
- 150 years, first 50 discarded
- Modelled components
  - Recruitment all species
  - Weight and maturation cod
- Components drawn from historic data
  - Residual mortality of capelin
  - Weight and maturation at age of capelin
- Constant components
  - M of adult cod and of herring
  - Other food



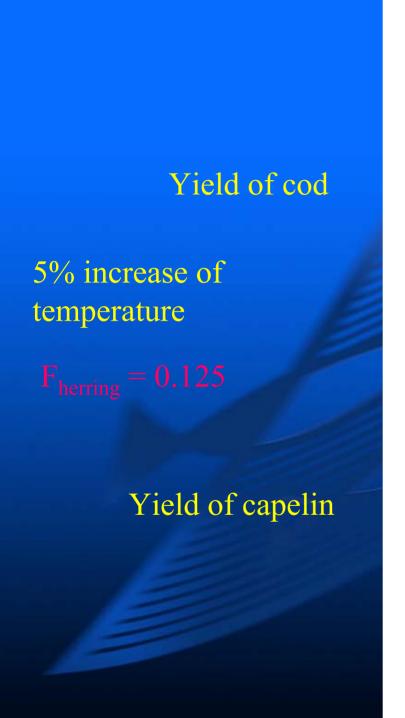


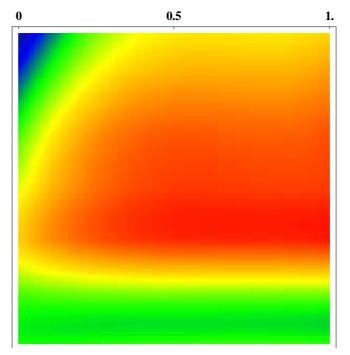
0.5

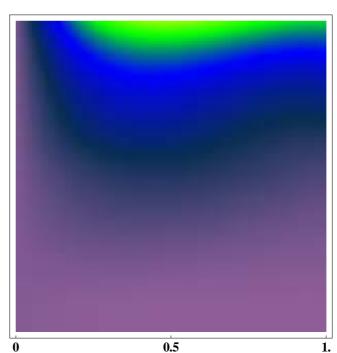
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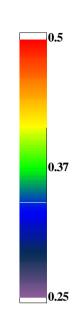
0.25

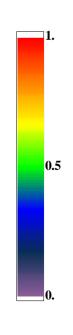
0.5





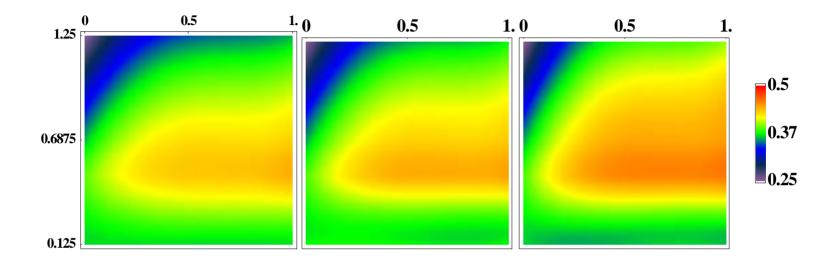


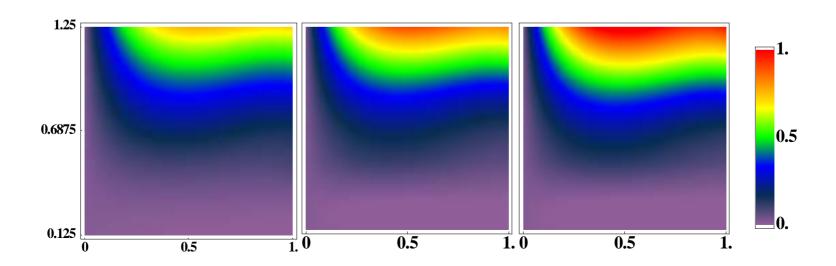




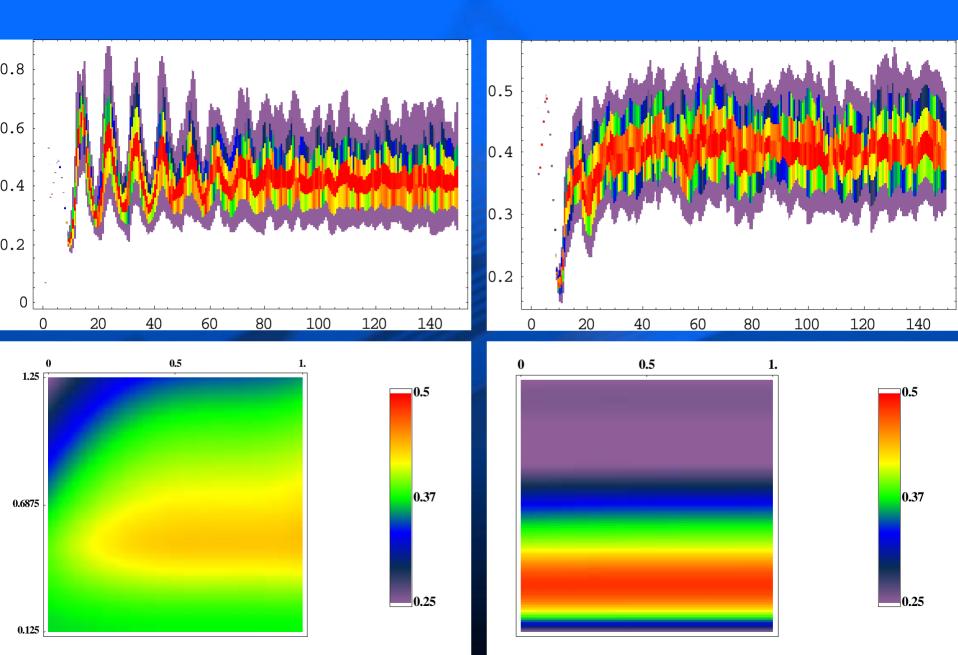
Fherring = 0.125 Fherring = 0.20 Fherring = 0.30

Yield herring = 0.81 Yield herring = 0.73 Yield herring = 0.46





### Effect of cannibalism



### Conclusions

- Strong cod-capelin interaction through cannibalism of cod
- Optimal F-value for cod is lower than present Fvalue, recruitment relation and cannibalism taken into account
- Strongly reduced yield of capelin when F for cod is reduced
- Increased yield of cod if future temperature is higher, optimal F-value remains the same

# Including predation by mammals — a fundamental problem

- The cod stock assessment is done using a constant M
- The marine mammals generate a variable M
- Compatibility only if marine mammals are included into the assessment
- A pilot project: Minke whales and herring (SeaStar)
- Hotspot: Harp seal, poor diet data

#### Problem areas

- Exchange of data
  - Temperature by station
  - Qualitative stomach content data
- Data shortage
  - Harp seal diet data
  - Whale data except minke whales
- Conceptual
  - Managing multispecies fishery, economic objectives

# Bifrost and request from Commission

- Commission: Evaluate long-time yield of cod, taking into account species interactions and influence from environment
- Bifrost can do this, but also other models
- Need to know processes better
- Response from IMR and PINRO: 10-year project
  - First 3 years pragmatic
  - Last 7 years multispecies models
- Other multispecies models as useful as Bifrost (STOCOBAR) – needs testing



- Effectiveness
- Trust
- Mutual acceptance

#### **EKSEMPEL PÅ OVERSKRIFT**

Eksempel på tekst

Bruk gjerne fonten Arial (fet)
ved bruk av variant mørkeblå bunn